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Why Choose VET.CT?



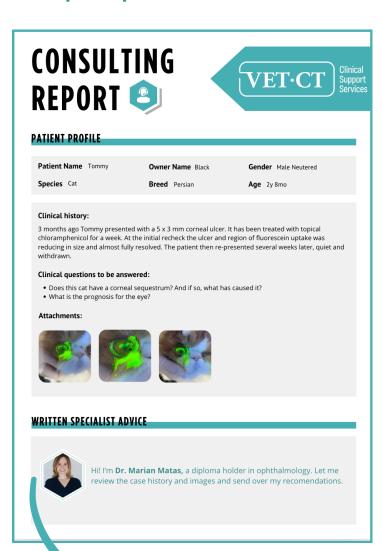
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Example report



Am I right in thinking this cat now has a corneal sequestrum?

Yes, you are absolutely right. This pigmented dark round lesion on the corneal surface is a corneal

Causes of corneal sequestrum

We do not know for certain what causes these. We suspect that any corneal injury in cats can cause the development of a corneal sequestrum, especially if the injury leads to chronic corneal ulceration. Persians are over-represented and this is probably because their shallow orbit, prominent globe and relatively reduced blink predisposes the cornea to ulceration. A sequestrum forms when part of the exposed corneal stroma becomes necrotic and subsequently pigments, leading to the characteristic 'black spot' which is diagnostic for a corneal sequestrum. Corneal sequestra are usually painful and, although in some cases they may slough naturally, this process can take months and may lead to complications including severe keratitis, corneal rupture, and chronic discomfort. Surgical options (keratectomy with or without grafting) are often the treatment of choice and. If this is a possibility for the owner I would suggest that your next step is to recommend a consultation with a veterinary ophthalmologist who can perform these procedures.

The prognosis for corneal sequestrum is good, with published surgical success rates >80%. The referral centre will discuss this with the owner during their appointment. In the uncommon event of sequestrum recurrence then a second surgery might be required. In the longer term, and in predisposed cats, regular use of eye lubricants may be advised in order to lubricate and protect the corneal surface and reduce the

We hope you find the summary of our advice helpful to support your management of this case. If you have any further questions or updates, contact us, you can add these via the consult chat on the platform/app.

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